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inspected and passed. There was a rejection of an Italian youth suffering from fever.

Respectfully,

RUPERT BLUE,

Passed Assistant Surgeon. U. S. M. H. S.

The SURGEON-GENERAL,

U. S. Marine-Hospital Service.

Report from Naples.

NAPLES, ITALY, *May 2, 1900.*

SIR: I have the honor to report that for the week ended May 2, 1900, the following ships were inspected:

April 27, the steamship *Ema*, of the North German Lloyd Steamship Company, bound with passengers and cargo for New York. There were inspected and passed 35 cabin and 671 steerage passengers and 100 pieces of large and 600 pieces of small baggage. Two hundred and fifteen pieces of baggage were disinfected by steam.

April 28, the steamship *Marco Minghetti*, of the Italian Navigation Company, bound with passengers and cargo for New York. There were inspected and passed 2 cabin and 532 steerage passengers and 64 pieces of large and 550 pieces of small baggage. Nine hundred and forty pieces of baggage were disinfected by steam.

April 28, the steamship *Massilia*, of the Fabre Line, bound with passengers and cargo for New York. There were inspected and passed 1 cabin and 1,180 steerage passengers and 50 pieces of large and 1,200 pieces of small baggage. Two hundred and ninety-five pieces of baggage were disinfected by steam.

May 2, the steamship *Christiania*, of the Hamburg-American Line, bound with passengers and cargo for New York. There were inspected and passed 614 steerage passengers and 86 pieces of large, and 665 pieces of small baggage.

At the inspection of the steamship *Massilia* there were 2 children rejected who had an eruption which closely resembled measles. These cases were taken to the isolation hospital. To-day I have been informed that the eruption on 1 of the cases has changed much in character and resembles that of smallpox. The attending physician, however, still withholds the diagnosis.

The disinfection of Sicilian baggage was discontinued May 1. All bedding, however, regardless of the place of origin, is disinfected.

Respectfully,

VICTOR G. HEISER,

Assistant Surgeon, U. S. M. H. S.

The SURGEON-GENERAL,

U. S. Marine-Hospital Service.

JAPAN.

Concerning plague in Osaka.

YOKOHAMA, JAPAN, *April 21, 1900.*

SIR: Referring to my letter of 16th instant, in which I reported the occurrence of 2 cases of plague in Osaka, on April 8 and 12, respectively, and noted that a third had, on the day of writing, been reported to me direct from Osaka, I have the honor to state that the return of the last case referred to proved to have been erroneous, it really alluding to the bacteriological verification of case No. 2.

A third instance of the disease was detected on the 18th, was clearly

May 18, 1900

1224

identified as plague, and is now under treatment, the two former having proved fatal.

The number of Japanese emigrants now seeking United States and Canadian ports is larger than ever before, and our disinfection establishments, both at Kobe and here, are kept fully employed.

Respectfully,

STUART ELDRIDGE, M. D.,

Acting Assistant Surgeon, U. S. M. H. S., Sanitary Inspector.

The SURGEON-GENERAL,

U. S. Marine-Hospital Service.

KOBE, JAPAN, *April 15, 1900.*

SIR: I have the honor to report that there has occurred in Osaka 1 case of plague, certified as such by the medical authorities after the patient's death, which took place on the 13th instant.

I have accordingly suspended all further purchase of rags, and also notified the shipping companies that emigrants from this port will have to undergo fifteen days' isolation before embarking on any boat bound for the United States of America or any of its possessions.

Respectfully,

J. BUCKWILL FOWLER,

Acting Assistant Surgeon, U. S. M. H. S.

The SURGEON GENERAL,

U. S. Marine-Hospital Service.

NETHERLANDS.

Report from Rotterdam.

ROTTERDAM, NETHERLANDS, *April 30, 1900.*

SIR: I have the honor to make the following report of the transactions of the Service at this port for the week ended April 28, 1900: Ten vessels were inspected and received bills of health. The steamship *Rotterdam*, of the Holland-American Line, sailed on the 26th instant, carrying 60 cabin and 264 steerage passengers. One hundred and forty-two pieces of baggage were inspected and passed and 20 pieces were disinfected. The health of this port continues good.

Respectfully,

A. R. THOMAS,

Passed Assistant Surgeon, U. S. M. H. S.

The SURGEON-GENERAL,

U. S. Marine-Hospital Service.

NEW CALEDONIA.

Plague in Noumea.

NOUMEA, NEW CALEDONIA, *April 4, 1900.*

SIR: In answer to your Communication H, dated December 29, 1899, I have the honor to inform you, that I interviewed the governor of this colony to-day, relative to your request, and received the following information:

The first symptoms of bubonic plague were first discovered at Noumea, on December 17 last. Its origin or how the same was introduced is unknown. Public opinion is, that the pestiferous microbes were imported in bags from India.

Up to date 123 cases have occurred and 77 deaths

The epidemic has ceased since twelve days and quarantine is about to be taken up.

Respectfully,

PAUL EUGENE WOLFF.

The SURGEON-GENERAL,

U. S. Marine-Hospital Service.